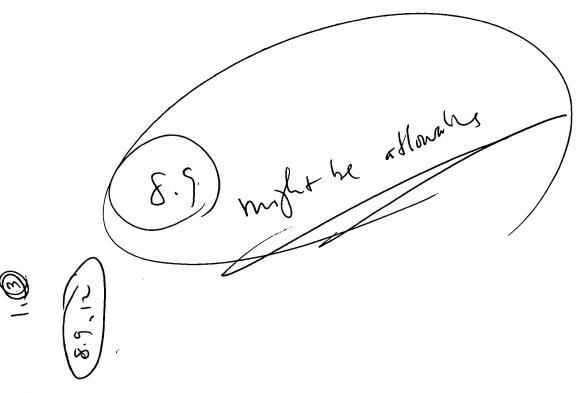
L Number	Hits		DB	Time stamp
1	1	actin same binding same dissociation same	USPAT;	2003/10/27 15:37
		(toxicant or pollutant)	US-PGPUB;	
			EPO;	
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2	1		USPAT;	2003/10/27 15:38
		inhibition same (drup or compound)	US-PGPUB;	
			EPO;	
			DERWENT	
3	2	,	USPAT;	2003/10/27 15:38
		inhibition	US-PGPUB;	
			EPO;	
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4	0	(Protorn or nacrore acra or antibody, bame	USPAT;	2003/10/27 15:39
l		binding same dissociation same inhibition	US-PGPUB;	
		same (toxicant or pollutant)	EPO;	
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5	1	(Protorn or nacrete acra or antibody) banc	USPAT;	2003/10/27 15:44
		binding same dissociation same (toxicant	US-PGPUB;	
·		or pollutant)	EPO;	
6	7	(protein or nucleic acid or antibody) same	DERWENT	2002/10/27 15:46
°	,	dissociation same (toxicant or pollutant)	USPAT; US-PGPUB;	2003/10/27 15:46
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			DERWENT	
7	9	(protein or nucleic acid or antibody or	USPAT;	2003/10/27 15:47
'	,	binding partner) same dissociation same	US-PGPUB;	2003/10/2/ 13:4/
		(toxicant or pollutant)	EPO;	
		(confound of politicality	DERWENT	
8	3	((protein or nucleic acid or antibody or	USPAT;	2003/10/27 15:47
		binding partner) same dissociation same	US-PGPUB;	2000, 10, 2. 10.4,
[(toxicant or pollutant)) and screening	EPO;	
			DERWENT	
9	3	((protein or nucleic acid or antibody or	USPAT;	2003/10/27 15:47
		binding partner) same dissociation same	US-PGPUB;	.,
		(toxicant or pollutant)) and screen	EPO;	
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FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 15:14:42 ON 27 OCT 2003
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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 15:14:42 ON 27 OCT 2003
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=> (actin(5A)immoboliz?)(P)binding(P)dissociation
             0 FILE CAPLUS
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             O FILE MEDLINE
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             O FILE USPATFULL
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=> actin(10A)actin-binding protein
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          2562 FILE BIOSIS
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         1710 FILE MEDLINE
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L16
         2136 FILE EMBASE
          306 FILE USPATFULL
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TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
         8677 ACTIN (10A) ACTIN-BINDING PROTEIN
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            5 FILE CAPLUS
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             5 FILE BIOSIS
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             6 FILE MEDLINE
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            5 FILE USPATFULL
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TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
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            0 FILE BIOSIS
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3 FILE MEDLINE

L28 2 FILE EMBASE L29 5 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

10 L24 AND (TOXICANT OR POLLUTANT OR DRUG)

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PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

L31 ANSWER 1 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:220740 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions for diagnosing and treating

rheumatoid arthritis

INVENTOR(S): Pittman, Debra D., Windham, NH, UNITED STATES

Feldman, Jeffrey L., Arlington, MA, UNITED STATES Shields, Kathleen M., Harvard, MA, UNITED STATES Trepicchio, William L., Andover, MA, UNITED STATES

KIND NUMBER DATE ______ US 2003154032 A1 20030814 US 2001-23451 A1 20011217 (10)

NUMBER DATE DATE ______ US 2000-255861P 20001215 (80)

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Patent Group, FOLEY, HOAG & ELIOT LLP, One Post Office

Square, Boxton, MA, 02109

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 40 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 25385

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides methods and compositions for diagnostic assays AB for detecting R.A. and therapeutic methods and compositions for treating R.A. The invention also provides methods for designing, identifying, and optimizing therapeutics for R.A. Diagnostic compositions of the invention include compositions comprising detection agents for detecting one or more genes that have been shown to be up- or down-regulated in cells of R.A. relative to normal counterpart cells. Exemplary detection agents include nucleic acid probes, which can be in solution or attached to a solid surface, e.g., in the form of a microarray. The invention also provides computer-readable media comprising values of levels of expression of one or more genes that are up- or down-regulated in R.A.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L31 ANSWER 2 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:106975 USPATFULL

TITLE: Screening methods used to identify compounds that

modulate a response of a cell to ultraviolet radiation

exposure

INVENTOR(S): Blumenberg, Miroslav, New York, NY, UNITED STATES

KIND DATE NUMBER -----US 2003073888 A1 20030417 US 2001-948020 A1 20010906 (9) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2000-231061P 20000908 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Charles Ashbrook, Parke Davis, Patent Department, 2800

Plymouth Road, Ann Arbor, MI, 48105

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 6 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 13078

AΒ The cellular response to ultraviolet radiation exposure has been characterized on the molecular level through the use of high density gene array technology. Nucleic acid molecules and protein molecules, the expression of which are repressed or induced in response to ultraviolet radiation exposure, are identified according to a temporal pattern of altered expression post ultraviolet radiation exposure. Methods are disclosed that utilized these ultraviolet radiation-regulated molecules as markers for ultraviolet radiation exposure. Other screening methods of the invention are designed for the identification of compounds that modulate the response of a cell to ultraviolet radiation exposure. The invention also provides compositions useful for drug screening or pharmaceutical purposes.

L31 ANSWER 3 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:30332 USPATFULL

TITLE:

INVENTOR (S):

Novel genes encoding proteins having prognostic, diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, and other uses Fraser, Christopher C., Lexington, MA, UNITED STATES Barnes, Thomas M., Brookline, MA, UNITED STATES Sharp, John D., Arlington, MA, UNITED STATES

Kirst, Susan J., Brookline, MA, UNITED STATES Myers, Paul S., Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES Leiby, Kevin R., Natick, MA, UNITED STATES

Holtzman, Douglas A., Jamaica Plain, MA, UNITED STATES

McCarthy, Sean A., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Wrighton, Nicholas, Winchester, MA, UNITED STATES

MacKay, Charles R., Vaucluse, AUSTRALIA

Goodearl, Andrew D.J., Natick, MA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.: US 2003022279 A1 20030130 US 2001-759130 A1 20010112 (9)

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-479249, filed on 7 Jan 2000, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-559497, filed on 27 Apr 2000, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-578063, filed on 24 May 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-333159, filed on 14 Jun 1999, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-596194, filed on 16 Jun 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-342364, filed on 29 Jun 1999, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-608452, filed on 30 Jun 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-393996, filed on 10 Sep 1999, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-602871, filed on 23 Jun 2000, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-420707, filed on 19 Oct 1999, ABANDONED

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Jean M. Silveri, Millenium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 75

Sidney Street, Cambridge, MA, 02139

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 85 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

361 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 12618

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides isolated nucleic acids encoding a variety of proteins having diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, and other uses. These nucleic and proteins are useful for diagnosis, prevention, and therapy of a number of human and other animal disorders. The invention also provides antisense nucleic acid molecules, expression vectors containing the nucleic acid molecules of the invention, host cells into which the expression vectors have been introduced, and non-human transgenic animals in which a nucleic acid molecule of the invention has been introduced or disrupted. The invention still further provides isolated polypeptides, fusion polypeptides, antigenic peptides and antibodies. Diagnostic, screening, and therapeutic methods using compositions of the invention are also provided. The nucleic acids and polypeptides of the present invention are useful as modulating agents in regulating a variety of cellular processes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L31 ANSWER 4 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:314730 USPATFULL

TITLE: Tsg101-interacting proteins and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Sugiyama, Janice, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

Cimbora, Daniel, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT,

UNITED STATES, 84108 (U.S. corporation)

KIND NUMBER DATE -----US 2002177207 A1 US 2002-98979 A1 PATENT INFORMATION: 20021128

APPLICATION INFO.: 20020314 (10)

DATE NUMBER -----

US 2001-276259P 20010314 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2001-304101P 20010710 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 7034

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising Tsg101 and one or more protein interactors of Tsg101. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with Tsg101 and its interacting partner proteins. In addition, methods of detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L31 ANSWER 5 OF 9 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:32176 USPATFULL

TITLE: Biomolecular toxicity assay

INVENTOR(S): Remedios, Cristobal Guillermo dos, Paddington,

AUSTRALIA

Kekic, Murat, Stanmore, AUSTRALIA

Cooke, Arthur Roger, San Francisco, CA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2000-180826P 20000207 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Scully, Scott, Murphy & Presser, 400 Garden City Plaza,

Garden City, NY, 11530

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 26 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

. .

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 746

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates generally to an assay for the detection of toxicants. More particularly, the present invention contemplates an assay of toxicants such as those of the type comprising heavy metal, heavy metal divalent cations and organic molecules as well as organo-halides. Such toxicants are frequently present as contaminants in aquatic and terrestrial environments. The present invention further provides an assay device for detecting toxicants. The present invention is predicated in part on the sensitivity of binding partner affinity to the toxicants.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L31 ANSWER 6 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002719259 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 22340757 PubMed ID: 12453877

TITLE: Cdc42/Rac1-dependent activation of the p21-activated kinase

(PAK) regulates human platelet lamellipodia spreading: implication of the cortical-actin binding protein

cortactin.

AUTHOR: Vidal Catherine; Geny Blandine; Melle Josiane; Jandrot-Perrus Martine; Fontenay-Roupie Michaela

CORPORATE SOURCE: Departement d'Hematologie, Institut Cochin, Centre National

de la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS), Universite Rene Descartes, Laboratoire Central d'Hematologie, Hopital Cochin, AP-HP and E9907 INSERM, Faculte Xavier Bichat,

Paris, France.

SOURCE: BLOOD, (2002 Dec 15) 100 (13) 4462-9.

Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200301

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20021218

Last Updated on STN: 20030129 Entered Medline: 20030128

AB Platelet activation by thrombin or thrombin receptor-activating peptide (TRAP) results in extensive actin reorganization that leads to filopodia emission and lamellae spreading concomitantly with activation of the Rho family small G proteins, Cdc42 and Rac1. Evidence has been provided that direct binding of Cdc42-guanosine triphosphate (GTP) and Rac1-GTP to the N-terminal regulatory domain of the p21-activated kinase (PAK) stimulates PAK activation and actin reorganization. In the present study, we have investigated the relationship between shape change and PAK activation. We show that thrombin, TRAP, or monoclonal antibody (MoAb)

anti-Fc(gamma)RIIA IV.3 induces an activation of Cdc42 and Rac1. ligand, convulxin (CVX), that forces platelets to lamellae spreading efficiently activates Racl. Thrombin, TRAP, MoAb IV.3, and CVX stimulate autophosphorylation and kinase activity of PAK. Inhibition of Cdc42 and Rac1 with clostridial toxin B inhibits PAK activation and lamellae spreading. The cortical-actin binding protein, p80/85 cortactin, is constitutively associated with PAK in resting platelets and dissociates from PAK after thrombin stimulation. Inhibition of PAK autophosphorylation by toxin B prevents the dissociation of cortactin. These results suggest that Cdc42/Rac1-dependent activation of PAK may trigger early platelet shape change, at least in part through the regulation of cortactin binding to PAK.

L31 ANSWER 7 OF 9 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001289351 EMBASE

TITLE:

Dephosphorylation of .beta.2-syntrophin and

Ca(2+)/.mu.-calpain-mediated cleavage of ICA512 upon

stimulation of insulin secretion.

AUTHOR: Ort T.; Voronov S.; Guo J.; Zawalich K.; Froehner S.C.;

Zawalich W.; Solimena M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: M. Solimena, Department of Internal Medicine, Section of

Endocrinology, Yale University School of Medicine, 330 Cedar Street, New Haven, CT 06520-8020, United States.

michele.solimena@yale.edu

SOURCE: EMBO Journal, (1 Aug 2001) 20/15 (4013-4023).

Refs: 72

ISSN: 0261-4189 CODEN: EMJODG

COUNTRY: United Kingdom DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

FILE SEGMENT: 003 Endocrinology

> 029 Clinical Biochemistry

LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English

Islet cell autoantigen (ICA) 512 is a receptor-tyrosine phosphatase-like protein associated with the secretory granules of neuroendocrine cells, including pancreatic .beta.-cells. Binding of its cytoplasmic tail to .beta.2-syntrophin suggests that ICA512 connects secretory granules to the utrophin complex and the actin cytoskeleton. Here we show that stimulation of insulin secretion from INS-1 cells triggers the biosynthesis of pro-ICA512 and the degradation of its mature form. Inhibition of calpain, which is activated upon stimulation of insulin secretion, prevents the Ca(2+)-dependent proteolysis of ICA512. In vitro .mu.-calpain cleaves ICA512 between a putative PEST domain and the .beta.2-syntrophin binding site, whereas binding of ICA512 to .beta.2-syntrophin protects the former from cleavage. .beta.2-syntrophin and its F-actin-binding

protein utrophin are enriched in subcellular fractions containing secretory granules. ICA512 preferentially binds phospho-.beta.2-syntrophin and stimulation of insulin secretion induces the Ca(2+)dependent, okadaic acid-sensitive dephosphorylation of .beta.2-syntrophin. Similarly to calpeptin, okadaic acid inhibits ICA512 proteolysis and insulin secretion. Thus, stimulation of insulin secretion might promote the mobilization of secretory granules by inducing the dissociation of ICA512 from .beta.2-syntrophin-utrophin complexes and the cleavage of the ICA512 cytoplasmic tail by .mu.-calpain.

L31 ANSWER 8 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000000383 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20000383 PubMed ID: 10532583

TITLE: Direct effects of endotoxin on the endothelium: barrier

function and injury.

AUTHOR: Bannerman D D; Goldblum S E CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pathology, Veterans Affairs Medical

Center-Baltimore, University of Maryland School of

Medicine, 21201, USA.

SOURCE: LABORATORY INVESTIGATION, (1999 Oct) 79 (10) 1181-99. Ref

185

Journal code: 0376617. ISSN: 0023-6837.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

General Review; (REVIEW)

(REVIEW, ACADEMIC)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

199911

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20000111

Last Updated on STN: 20000111 Entered Medline: 19991103

LPS directly disrupts EC barrier function in vitro and in vivo. AΒ barrier dysfunction has been reported to occur in EC derived from both the macro- and microvasculature of varying species, including humans. Unlike other EC responses, LPS-induced loss of endothelial barrier function is protein-synthesis independent. In fact, protein synthesis inhibition enhances the LPS effect. The lipid A moiety is responsible for LPS-induced activation of the non-CD14-bearing EC, and agents that bind to and neutralize this highly conserved portion of the LPS molecule can crossprotect against EC barrier dysfunction elicited by LPS derived from diverse species of Gram-negative bacteria. Although the presentation of LPS to CD14-bearing cells such as macrophages and monocytes has been well characterized, far less is known about the interactions of LPS with the non-CD14-bearing EC. An EC receptor involved in LPS binding and cellular activation has yet to be identified. The presence of the accessory molecules, LBP and sCD14, are prerequisite to LPS-induced activation of EC at clinically relevant LPS concentrations. As with monocytes and macrophages, the CD14 dependence of LPS-induced endothelial barrier dysfunction can be overcome with high concentrations In the absence of LBP and sCD14, a 200,000-fold increase in LPS concentration is required to elicit the same increments in EC monolayer permeability relative to when these accessory molecules are present. Within 30 minutes after LPS exposure, PTK activation is observed. PTK inhibition blocks LPS-induced EC actin depolymerization and endothelial barrier dysfunction which are seen only after a > or = 2-hour stimulus-to-response lag time. Furthermore this LPS-induced actin depolymerization is a prerequisite to opening up the paracellular pathway and loss of monolayer integrity. Interestingly LPS-induced increments in transendothelial 14C-BSA flux and EC detachment parallel caspase-mediated cleavage of ZA and FA proteins that participate in cell-cell and cell-matrix adhesion. The cleavage of the ZA components, beta- and gamma-catenin, does not affect their ability to bind the transmembrane protein, cadherin, or the actin-binding protein, alpha-catenin, suggesting that the linkage of the ZA to the actin cytoskeleton remains intact. LPS-induced cleavage of the FA protein, FAK, leads to dissociation of its catalytic domain from paxillin substrate and decreased paxillin phosphotyrosine content. Caspase inhibition protects against LPS-provoked apoptosis, cleavage of adherens junction proteins, paxillin dephosphorylation, cell-shape changes, and EC detachment. In contrast it fails to block LPS-induced increments in transendothelial 14C-BSA flux. inhibition, which does protect against increased transendothelial 14C-BSA flux, does not block LPS-induced proteolytic cleavage events and only partially inhibits EC detachment. These findings suggest that the EC detachment and endothelial barrier dysfunction elicited by LPS are mediated through distinct pathways (Fig. 6). Much of the work to date has focused on LPS interactions with mCD14-bearing cells, such as monocytes and macrophages, which are central to the inflammatory response elicited by endotoxin. EC, which line the vasculature, are one of the first host

tissue barriers to encounter circulating LPS. Because damage to the endothelium is known to contribute to the development of multiorgan failure, including ARDS, understanding LPS-induced EC dysfunction in the setting of Gram-negative septicemia has clear pathophysiologic implications. (ABSTRACT TRUNCATED)

L31 ANSWER 9 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 94083643 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94083643 PubMed ID: 8260702

TITLE: Coordinated inhibition of actin-induced platelet

aggregation by plasma gelsolin and vitamin D-binding

protein.

AUTHOR: Vasconcellos C A; Lind S E

CORPORATE SOURCE: Experimental Medicine Division, Brigham and Women's

Hospital, Boston, MA 02115.

CONTRACT NUMBER: HL 07680 (NHLBI)

HL 42457 (NHLBI)

SOURCE: BLOOD, (1993 Dec 15) 82 (12) 3648-57.

Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199401

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19940209

Last Updated on STN: 19970203 Entered Medline: 19940124

AB Actin is an abundant intracellular protein that is released into the blood during tissue injury and its injection into rats causes microthrombi to form in the vasculature. This report and others have shown that actin filaments are able to aggregate platelets in an adenosine diphosphate (ADP) -dependent manner. The effects on this process of two plasma actin-binding proteins, vitamin Dbinding protein (DBP) and gelsolin, were examined separately and together. The addition of DBP, a monomer-binding protein, to actin filaments did not affect their ability to induce platelet aggregation. However, severing of actin filaments with gelsolin resulted in an increased degree of platelet aggregation. Preincubation of F-actin with both gelsolin and DBP resulted in a significant inhibition of aggregation. The effects of DBP and gelsolin on actin-induced aggregation paralleled their effects on exchange of actin-bound adenine. nucleotides. DBP inhibited 1, N6-ethenoadenosine 5' triphosphate (epsilon-ATP) exchange with G-actin but not with F-actin. Gelsolin increased epsilon-ATP exchange with F-actin, which was largely abrogated by the addition of DBP. These results suggest that gelsolin's severing (and subsequent capping) of actin filaments not only results in an increase in the number of pointed filament ends but also in the dissociation of actin monomers containing ADP. Phalloidin, which stabilizes actin filaments while decreasing both monomer and nucleotide exchange, inhibited actin-induced aggregation, as well, indicating that depolymerization of actin filaments is not required to inhibit aggregation. Platelet activation by either G- or F-actin may thus be regulated by the local concentrations of the plasma actinbinding proteins gelsolin and DBP. Together, these proteins inhibit platelet aggregation in a manner that can be explained by their effects on actin's filament structure and the accessibility of its bound ADP. Depletion of DBP or gelsolin may allow actin released from injured tissues to stimulate purinergic receptors on platelets, and perhaps other cells, via its bound adenine nucleotides.

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 15:23:40 ON 27 OCT 2003
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> actin(P)immoboliz?(P)binding(P)dissociation

L41 0 FILE CAPLUS

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'ACTIN(P)IMMOBOLIZ?'

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'IMMOBOLIZ? (P) BINDING'

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'BINDING(P)DISSOCIATI'

L42 0 FILE BIOTECHNO

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'ACTIN(P) IMMOBOLIZ?'

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'IMMOBOLIZ? (P) BINDING'

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'BINDING(P) DISSOCIATI'

L43 0 FILE COMPENDEX

L44 0 FILE ANABSTR

L45 0 FILE CERAB

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'ACTIN(P) IMMOBOLIZ?'

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'IMMOBOLIZ? (P) BINDING'

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'BINDING(P) DISSOCIATI'

L46

0 FILE METADEX

L47

O FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

L48 0 ACTIN(P) IMMOBOLIZ?(P) BINDING(P) DISSOCIATION

=> file .jacob

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

13.71

76.32

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=> (protein or nucleic acid) (P) immoboliz? (P) binding (P) dissociat?

0 FILE CAPLUS

L50 0 FILE BIOSIS

L51 1 FILE MEDLINE

L52 O FILE EMBASE

L53 2 FILE USPATFULL

TOTAL FOR ALL FILES

=> dup rem

ENTER L# LIST OR (END):154

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L54

3 DUP REM L54 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 155 ibib abs total

L55 ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:191194 USPATFULL

TITLE:

HUMAN-MURINE CHIMERIC ANTIBODIES AGAINST RESPIRATORY

SYNCYTIAL VIRUS

INVENTOR(S):

JOHNSON, LESLIE SID, GERMANTOWN, MD, UNITED STATES

3 (PROTEIN OR NUCLEIC ACID) (P) IMMOBOLIZ? (P) BINDING (P) DISSOCIAT?

KIND NUMBER DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2002102257 A1 20020801 US 1998-158120 A1 19980921 (9)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

ELLIOT M OLSTEIN, CARELLA BYRNE BAIN GILFILLAN, CECCHI

STEWART & OLSTEIN, 6 BECKER FARM ROAD, ROSELAND, NJ,

07068

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

20

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

10 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1253

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention relates to a human antibody which contains the one CDR from each variable heavy and variable light chain of at least one murine

monoclonal antibody, against respiratory syncytial virus which is MAb1129 and the use thereof for the prevention and/or treatment of RSV

infection.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L55 ANSWER 2 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:127910 USPATFULL

TITLE: Human-murine chimeric antibodies against respiratory

syncytial virus

INVENTOR(S): Johnson, Leslie Sid, Germantown, MD, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MedImmune, Inc., Gaithersburg, MD, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5824307 19981020 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1994-290592 19940815 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-813372, filed

on 23 Dec 1991, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Caputa, Anthony C. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Olstein, Elliot M.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 3 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 17 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1258

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention relates to a human antibody which contains the one CDR from each variable heavy and variable light chain of at least one murine monoclonal antibody, against respiratory syncytial virus which is

MAb1129 and the use thereof for the prevention and/or treatment of RSV

infection.

AUTHOR:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L55 ANSWER 3 OF 3 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 92105090 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92105090 PubMed ID: 1837020

TITLE: The Yersinia pseudotuberculosis invasin protein and human

fibronectin bind to mutually exclusive sites on the alpha 5

beta 1 integrin receptor. Van Nhieu G T; Isberg R R

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Microbiology and Molecular Biology, Tufts

University, School of Medicine, Boston, Massachusetts

02111.

CONTRACT NUMBER: RO1-AI23538 (NIAID)

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (1991 Dec 25) 266 (36)

24367-75.

Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199202

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19920302

Last Updated on STN: 19920302 Entered Medline: 19920207

AB The Yersinia pseudotuberculosis invasin protein promotes bacterial penetration into mammalian cells by binding to several beta 1 chain integrins. We show here that proteins containing the cell-binding domain of invasin bind to the fibronectin receptor alpha 5 beta 1 isolated from human placenta and immobilized on a filter membrane. Two forms of the receptor, each having a molecular weight of about 290,000, were immunodepleted by monoclonal antibodies specific for the beta 1 subunit or the alpha 5 beta 1 heterodimer. The binding of invasin to the receptor immobolized on the filter, or to whole JAR cells, reaches saturation after 90 min and has an

apparent **dissociation** constant (Kd) of $5.0 \times 10(-9)$ M. Invasin **binding** to alpha 5 beta 1 is inhibited by the 120-kDa chymotryptic fragment of fibronectin in a competitive manner with an inhibition constant (Ki) of $7.5 \times 10(-7)$ M. Furthermore, invasin-receptor **binding** is also inhibited by the hexapeptide GRGDSP, and monoclonal antibodies that block cell attachment to invasin-coated surfaces also block cell attachment to fibronectin-coated surfaces. These results indicate that invasin and fibronectin bind to the same, or closely located sites on alpha 5 beta 1, although invasin binds with a much higher affinity than does fibronectin.

```
=> screen(P)(toxicant or compound or pollutant)(P)dissociat?(P)binding
           19 FILE CAPLUS
            11 FILE BIOSIS
L58
           11 FILE MEDLINE
L59
           10 FILE EMBASE
L60
           117 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
           168 SCREEN(P) (TOXICANT OR COMPOUND OR POLLUTANT)(P) DISSOCIAT?(P)
               BINDING
=> 161 and immoboliz?
            0 FILE CAPLUS
L63
            0 FILE BIOSIS
L64
            0 FILE MEDLINE
L65
            0 FILE EMBASE
L66
            0 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
            0 L61 AND IMMOBOLIZ?
=> 161 and immobolization
            0 FILE CAPLUS
L68
L69
            0 FILE BIOSIS
L70
            0 FILE MEDLINE
L71
            0 FILE EMBASE
L72
             0 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
            0 L61 AND IMMOBOLIZATION
=> 161 and immobolized
L74
            0 FILE CAPLUS
L75
             0 FILE BIOSIS
L76
             O FILE MEDLINE
L77
             0 FILE EMBASE
L78
             0 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
             0 L61 AND IMMOBOLIZED
=> 161 and immobiliz?
L80
           2 FILE CAPLUS
L81
            2 FILE BIOSIS
L82
            2 FILE MEDLINE
L83
            2 FILE EMBASE
L84
           68 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
           76 L61 AND IMMOBILIZ?
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=> 185 and inhibition

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L87
            0 FILE BIOSIS
L88
            0 FILE MEDLINE
L89
            1 FILE EMBASE
L90
            41 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L91
            42 L85 AND INHIBITION
=> 191 and (glass or polystyrene, polymethacrylate, cellulose, nylon,
polyvinylchloride or polypropylene)
            0 FILE CAPLUS
L92
L93
             0 FILE BIOSIS
L94
            O FILE MEDLINE
L95
             O FILE EMBASE
L96
            35 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
            35 L91 AND (GLASS OR POLYSTYRENE, POLYMETHACRYLATE, CELLULOSE,
               NYLON, POLYVINYLCHLORIDE OR POLYPROPYLENE)
=> dup rem
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):197
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L97
L98
             35 DUP REM L97 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> 198 and hevay metal
L99
           0 S L98
L100
            0 FILE CAPLUS
L101
            0 S L98
            0 FILE BIOSIS
L102
L103
            0 S L98
L104
            O FILE MEDLINE
L105
            0 S L98
L106
            O FILE EMBASE
L107
           35 S L98
L108
            0 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
            0 L98 AND HEVAY METAL
=> 198 and metal
L110 0 S L98
L111
            0 FILE CAPLUS
L112
           0 S L98
L113
            0 FILE BIOSIS
L114
           0 S L98
L115
            O FILE MEDLINE
L116
            0 S L98
L117
            0 FILE EMBASE
L118
           35 S L98
L119
           31 FILE USPATFULL
TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
L120
           31 L98 AND METAL
=> d l120 ibib abs total
L120 ANSWER 1 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2003:265318 USPATFULL
TITLE:
                        Down syndrome critical region 1-like protein
INVENTOR(S):
                        Loring, Jeanne F., Foster City, CA, UNITED STATES
                        Tingley, Debora W., San Francisco, CA, UNITED STATES
```

Edwards, Carla M., Half Moon Bay, CA, UNITED STATES

0 FILE CAPLUS

Streeter, David G., Boulder Creek, CA, UNITED STATES
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Genomics, Inc., Palo Alto, CA (U.S. corporation)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-614474, filed

on 11 Jul 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6524819

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: INCYTE CORPORATION (formerly known as Incyte, Genomics,

Inc.), 3160 PORTER DRIVE, PALO ALTO, CA, 94304

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3002

AB The invention provides a Down syndrome critical region 1-like 1 protein, its encoding cDNAs, and antibodies that specifically bind the protein. The invention also provides for the use of these compositions in the diagnosis, prognosis, treatment and evaluation of progression and treatment of neurodegenerative disorders.

L120 ANSWER 2 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:250968 USPATFULL

TITLE: RVP-1 variant differentially expressed in crohns

disease

INVENTOR(S): Murry, Lynn E., Fayetteville, AR, UNITED STATES

Jackson, Jennifer L., Santa Cruz, CA, UNITED STATES

Tang, Y. Tom, San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

Arvizu, Chandra S., San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Genomics, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

(U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003175754 A1 20030918 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-290027 A1 20021105 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-603552, filed

on 22 Jun 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6590089

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-106920, filed

on 29 Jun 1998, ABANDONED

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: INCYTE CORPORATION (formerly known as Incyte, Genomics,

Inc.), 3160 PORTER DRIVE, PALO ALTO, CA, 94304

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 59
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 7 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2935

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides RVP variant, its encoding cDNAs, and antibodies that specifically bind the protein. The invention also provides for the use of these compositions in the diagnosis, prognosis, treatment and evaluation of progression and treatment of cell proliferative disorders.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 3 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:237907 USPATFULL

TITLE: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis

of colon cancer

INVENTOR(S): King, Gordon E., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES

Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES
Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003166064 A1 20030904 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-99926 A1 20020314 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-33528, filed

on 26 Dec 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-920300, filed on 31 Jul 2001, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-302051P 20010629 (60)

US 2001-279763P 20010328 (60)

US 2000-223283P 20000803 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 17
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 8531

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention

and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 4 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:234572 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods for identifying inhibitors of GADD45

polypeptide activity, and inhibitors of such activity

INVENTOR(S): Wang, Xin Wei, Rockville, MD, United States

Harris, Curtis C., Garrett Park, MD, United States Fornace, Jr., Albert J., Bethesda, MD, United States

Coursen, Jill D., Boston, MA, United States Zhan, Qimin, Pittsburgh, PA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The United States of America as represented by the

Department of Health and Human Services, Washington,

DC, United States (U.S. government)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6613318 B1 20030902 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2000-534811 20000324 (9)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1999-126069P 19990325 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Brumback, Brenda ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Chism, B. Dell

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Townsend and Townsend and Crew, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 7 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2817

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention is directed to novel methods for assaying for AB modulators of GADD45 polypeptide activity. The invention also provides means to sensitize a proliferating cell to a DNA base-damaging agent by administration of novel inhibitors of GADD45 polypeptide activity. The invention further provides polypeptides which interfere with the ability of Cdc2/cyclin B1 complexes to cause a pause at the G2/M stage of the cell cycle in response to GADD45, and nucleic acids which encode such polypeptides.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 5 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:195216 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Mammalian imidazoline receptor

INVENTOR(S):

Lal, Preeti G., Santa Clara, CA, UNITED STATES

Tang, Y. Tom, San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

Baughn, Mariah R., San Leandro, CA, UNITED STATES Kaser, Matthew R., Castro Valley, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Incyte Genomics, Inc., Palo Alto, CA (U.S. corporation)

KIND NUMBER DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003135027 A1 20030717 US 2002-284499 A1 20021029 (10)

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-364206, filed

on 30 Jul 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6475752 Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: INCYTE CORPORATION (formerly known as Incyte, Genomics,

Inc.), 3160 PORTER DRIVE, PALO ALTO, CA, 94304

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

55

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

21 Drawing Page(s)

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT:

3612

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides a mammalian imidazoline receptor, its encoding cDNA and an antibody that specifically binds the protein; each of which is useful to diagnose, stage, treat or monitor the progression or treatment of cancer, hypertension, immune disorder or reproductive disorder.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 6 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:187865 USPATFULL

TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

Nucleic acids encoding GTPase activating proteins Klinger, Tod M., San Carlos, CA, UNITED STATES

Stewart, Elizabeth A., Mill Creek, WA, UNITED STATES

Yue, Henry, Sunnyvale, CA, UNITED STATES

Baughn, Mariah R., San Leandro, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Incyte Genomics, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003129655 A1 20030710 US 2002-284753 A1 20021029 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-507765, filed

on 18 Feb 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6509155

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: INCYTE GENOMICS, INC., 3160 PORTER DRIVE, PALO ALTO,

CA, 94304

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 55 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 21 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides GTPase activating proteins, their encoding cDNAs, and antibodies that specifically bind the proteins. The invention also provides for the use of these compositions in the diagnosis, prognosis, treatment and evaluation of progression and treatment of signaling, immune, and cell proliferative disorders, particularly colon cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 7 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:173879 USPATFULL

TITLE: FVIIa antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Dennis, Mark S., San Carlos, CA, UNITED STATES

> Eigenbrot, Charles, Burlingame, CA, UNITED STATES Lazarus, Robert A., Millbrae, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genentech, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

> KIND NUMBER -----

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003119727 A1 20030626 US 2002-202915 A1 20020725 APPLICATION INFO.: (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-609574, filed on 30

Jun 2000, ABANDONED

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1999-142211P 19990702 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: GENENTECH, INC., 1 DNA WAY, SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, CA,

94080

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 44 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 12 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3524

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides novel compounds which prevent or block a FVIIa mediated or associated process or event such as the catalytic conversion of FX to FXa, FVII to FVIIa or FIX to FIXa. In particular aspects, the compounds of the invention bind Factor VIIa (FVIIa), its zymogen Factor VII (FVII) and/or block the association of FVII or FVIIa with a peptide compound of the present invention. The invention also provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising the novel compounds as well as their use in diagnostic, therapeutic, and prophylactic methods.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 8 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:172735 USPATFULL TITLE: Sparc-related proteins

INVENTOR(S): Walker, Michael G., Sunnyvale, CA, UNITED STATES

Krasnow, Randi E., Stanford, CA, UNITED STATES Murry, Lynn E., Fayetteville, AR, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Genomics, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE ______

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003118579 A1 20030626 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-247451 A1 20020918 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-349015, filed

on 7 Jul 1999, ABANDONED

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: INCYTE GENOMICS, INC., 3160 PORTER DRIVE, PALO ALTO,

CA, 94304

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 54 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 36 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3663

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides polynucleotides that encode SPARC-related proteins. It also provides for the use of the polynucleotide, protein, and antibodies thereto for diagnosis and treatment of atherosclerosis and cell proliferative disorders. The invention additionally provides methods for using the polynucleotides, proteins and antibodies.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 9 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:146250 USPATFULL

TITLE: Ras association domain containing protein

INVENTOR(S): Walker, Michael G., Sunnyvale, CA, UNITED STATES

Klinger, Tod M., San Carlos, CA, UNITED STATES Krasnow, Randi E., Stanford, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Genomics, Inc., Palo Alto, CA (U.S. corporation)

> NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 2003099995 A1 20030529 US 2002-270845 A1 20021010 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-614069, filed

on 11 Jul 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6485910

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-195292, filed on 18 Nov 1998, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser.

No. US 1998-23655, filed on 9 Feb 1998, PENDING

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: LEGAL DEPARTMENT, INCYTE GENOMICS, INC., 3160 PORTER

DRIVE, PALO ALTO, CA, 94304

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 54 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 11 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3097

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides a Ras association domain containing protein, its AB encoding mammalian cDNA, and an antibody that specifically binds the protein. It also provides for the use of the cDNAs, complements, and variants thereof and of the protein, portions thereof and antibodies thereto to diagnose, stage, treat or monitor the progression or treatment of cell proliferative and inflammatory disorders.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 10 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:120348 USPATFULL TITLE: Novel 8.4 kDa immunophilin

INVENTOR(S): Soldin, Steven J., Bethesda, MD, UNITED STATES NUMBER KIND DATE

-----US 2003082829 A1 20030501 US 2002-73334 A1 20020213 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

Division of Ser. No. US 2000-643723, filed on 23 Aug RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6410340

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Law Offices of Dr. Melvin Blecher, 4329 Van Ness St.,

NW, Washington, DC, 20016-5625

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

, .

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 6 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 998

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

We have identified and purified to homogeneity from lymphatic tissues a novel 8.4 kDa immunophilin that specifically and avidly binds the immunosuppressant drugs FK-506 (Kd=0.8 nM) and rapamycin (Kd=0.08 nM) and their pharmacologically active metabolites and derivatives, but does not bind cyclosporin A. The isolated 8.4 kDa protein was analyzed for partial amino acid sequence, molecular weight, binding constants, binding specificity, biochemical aspects, and utility as the protein binding reagent in binding assays for immunosuppressant drugs in fluid samples, including patient blood.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 11 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

2003:106233 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis

of pancreatic cancer

INVENTOR(S): Benson, Darin R., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Kalos, Michael D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES Lodes, Michael J., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES Persing, David H., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2003073144 A1 20030417 US 2002-60036 A1 20020130 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.: DATE NUMBER

-----US 2001-333626P 20011127 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-305484P 20010712 (60) US 2001-265305P 20010130 (60) US 2001-267568P 20010209 (60) US 2001-313999P 20010820 (60) US 2001-291631P 20010516 (60) US 2001-287112P 20010428 (60) US 2001-278651P 20010321 (60) US 2001-265682P 20010131 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 17 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 14253

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AΒ Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly pancreatic cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more pancreatic tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly pancreatic cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 12 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:99207 USPATFULL

TITLE: Transmembrane protein differentially expressed in

INVENTOR(S): Lasek, Amy K. W., Oakland, CA, UNITED STATES

Baughn, Mariah R., San Leandro, CA, UNITED STATES

Azimzai, Yalda, Oakland, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Genomics, Inc., Palo Alto, CA (U.S. corporation)

> NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 2003068311 A1 20030410 US 2002-187657 A1 20020701 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-US7817, filed

on 22 Mar 2000, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1999-139565P 19990616 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: INCYTE GENOMICS, INC., 3160 PORTER DRIVE, PALO ALTO,

CA, 94304

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 73 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 14 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2996

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides a transmembrane protein that is differentially expressed in neoplastic disorders. It also provides for the use of the protein, a cDNA encoding the protein, and antibodies that specifically bind the protein in various methods to diagnose, stage, treat, or

monitor the treatment of a neoplastic disorder.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 13 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:93038 USPATFULL

TITLE: Transmembrane protein differentially expressed in

prostate and lung tumors

INVENTOR(S): Spancake, Kimberly M., Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES

Rickert, Paula K., Pacifica, CA, UNITED STATES Lal, Preeti G., Santa Clara, CA, UNITED STATES Ison, Craig H., San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Incyte Genomics, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES,

94304

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003064397 A1 20030403 US 2002-205267 A1 20020724 (10) APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-963896, filed

on 26 Sep 2001, PENDING Division of Ser. No. US

1999-397558, filed on 16 Sep 1999, PENDING Division of Ser. No. US 1998-83521, filed on 22 May 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6048970 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2001-802520, filed on 9 Mar 2001, PENDING

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: INCYTE GENOMICS, INC., 3160 PORTER DRIVE, PALO ALTO,

CA, 94304

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 25 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 17 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2903

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides a cDNA which encodes a transmembrane protein differentially expressed in prostate and lung cancer. It also provides for the use of the cDNA, fragments, complements, and variants thereof and of the encoded protein, portions thereof and antibodies thereto for diagnosis and treatment of cancer, in particular, prostate or lung cancers. The invention additionally provides expression vectors and host cells for the production of the protein and a transgenic model system.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 14 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:51206 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Novel PN9826 nucleic acids and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Wettstein, Daniel Albert, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED

Mauck, Kimberly A., Sandy, UT, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT,

UNITED STATES, 84108 (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2003036163 A1 20030220 US 2002-195142 A1 20020710 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-304323P 20010710 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 30 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT: 5944

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Novel PN9826 protein and nucleic acids encoding PN9826 are provided. PN9826-containing protein complexes formed by PN9826 and a PN9826-interacting protein (e.g., LTBP1) are also provided. LTBP1 and PN9826 may be involved in common biological processes such as angiogenesis, metastasis, and cell growth and adhesion. Thus, the protein complexes as well as PN9826 can be used in screening assays to select modulators of PN9826 and the protein complexes formed by PN9826 and LTBP1. The identified modulators can be useful in modulating the functions and activities of PN9826 and protein complexes containing PN9826.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 15 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:30383 USPATFULL

APOA2-interacting proteins and use thereof TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Bartel, Paul, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

Sugiyama, Janice, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 2003022330 A1 20030130 US 2002-125639 A1 20020418 PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.: A1 20020418 (10)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-285324P 20010419 (60)

US 2002-349843P 20020117 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 4780

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CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising APOA2 and one or more

APOA2-interacting proteins. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the

protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with APOA2 and its interacting partners. In

addition, methods of detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members

thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 16 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:23643 USPATFULL

TITLE: Modulation of molecular interaction sites on RNA and

other biomolecules

INVENTOR(S): Ecker, David J., Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES

Griffey, Richard, Vista, CA, UNITED STATES Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES Sampath, Ranga, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Swayze, Eric, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES

Mohan, Venkatraman, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES Hofstadler, Steven, Oceanside, CA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 2003017483 A1 20030123 US 2002-104949 A1 20020322 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-76404, filed on 12 May RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

1998, PENDING

Utility APPLICATION DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP, ONE LIBERTY PLACE, 46TH FLOOR,

1650 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

59 Drawing Page(s)

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT: 6823

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Methods for the identification of compounds which modulate, either inhibit or stimulate, biomolecules are provided. Nucleic acids, especially RNAs are preferred substrates for such modulation. The

present methods are particularly powerful in that they provide novel combinations of techniques which give rise to compounds, usually "small" organic compounds, which are highly potent modulators of RNA and other biomolecular activity. In accordance with preferred aspects of the invention, very large numbers of compounds may be tested essentially simultaneously to determine whether they are likely to interact with a molecular interaction site and modulate the activity of the biomolecule. Pharmaceuticals, veterinary drugs, agricultural chemicals, industrial chemicals, research chemicals and many other beneficial compounds may be identified in accordance with embodiments of this invention.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 17 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:10678 USPATFULL

TITLE: APOA1-interacting proteins and use thereof

INVENTOR (S): Bartel, Paul, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

Szankasi, Philippe, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES Sugiyama, Janice, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 2003008373 A1 20030109 US 2002-124767 A1 20020417 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

DATE NUMBER ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-284220P 20010417 (60)

US 2002-354899P 20020206 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 4667

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising APOA1 and one or more APOA1-interacting proteins. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with APOA1 and its interacting partners. In addition, methods of detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 18 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:10629 USPATFULL

TTTLE: Caspase-7-interacting protein and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Bartel, Paul, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2003008324 A1 20030109 US 2002-124550 A1 20020417 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

> NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-284404P 20010417 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 38
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 4771

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CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising Caspase-7 and a Caspase-7-interacting protein. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with Caspase-7 and the Caspase-7-interacting protein. In addition, methods for detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 19 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:343965 USPATFULL

TITLE: FLT4-interacting proteins and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Sugiyama, Janice, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT,

UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-287513P 20010430 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 38
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 4778

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising FLT4 and one or more FLT4-interacting proteins. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with FLT4 and its interacting partners. In addition, methods of detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 20 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:315203 USPATFULL

TITLE: BCL-XL-interacting protein and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Bartel, Paul, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT,

UNITED STATES, 84108 (U.S. corporation)

 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-122573 A1 20020415 (10)

NUMBER DATE ----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-284095P 20010416 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICAT FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 4757

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CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising BCL-XL and TCTP. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with BCL-XL and TCTP. In addition, methods for detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 21 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:314730 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Tsg101-interacting proteins and use thereof INVENTOR(S):

Sugiyama, Janice, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES Cimbora, Daniel, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT, PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

UNITED STATES, 84108 (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE _____

US 2002177207 A1 20021128 US 2002-98979 A1 20020314 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-276259P 20010314 (60) US 2001-304101P 20010710 (60)

Utility APPLICATION DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

38 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 7034

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising Tsg101 and one or more protein interactors of Tsg101. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with Tsg101 and its interacting partner proteins. In addition, methods of detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 22 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:314675 USPATFULL

TITLE: COX 1-interacting proteins and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Wettstein, Daniel Albert, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED

STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2002177152 A1 20021128 US 2002-100503 A1 20020318 (10) APPLICATION INFO.:

> NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-277013P 20010319 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 4721

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising COX1 and one or more proteins selected from the group consisting of THR S14 and Opa1. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with COX1 and its interacting partner proteins. In addition, methods of detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 23 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:308491 USPATFULL

TITLE: Tsg101-GAGp6 interaction and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Wettstein, Daniel Albert, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED

STATES

Morham, Scott, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES Zavitz, Kenton, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2002173622 A1 20021121 US 2001-972035 A1 20011004 (9) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-276259P 20010314 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3776

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Isolated protein complexes are provided comprising Tsg101 and HIV GAGp6. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for selecting compounds effective in modulating the Tsg101-HIV GAGp6 interaction within the protein complexes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 24 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:307902 USPATFULL TITLE: Survivin-interacting proteins and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Wettstein, Daniel Albert, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED

STATES

Cimbora, Daniel, Salt Lake City, UT, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Myriad Genetics, Incorporated, Salt Lake City, UT (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-276179P 20010315 (60)

US 2001-307233P 20010723 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MYRIAD GENETICS INC., LEGAL DEPARTMENT, 320 WAKARA WAY,

SALT LAKE CITY, UT, 84108

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 38
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 5137

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Protein complexes are provided comprising survivin and one or more proteins selected from the group consisting of HDLC1, beta-actin, DNA helicase II, COPP, OSTP, SLC8A1, A2-CAT. The protein complexes are useful in screening assays for identifying compounds effective in modulating the protein complexes and in treating and/or preventing diseases and disorders associated with survivin and its interacting partner proteins. In addition, methods of detecting the protein complexes and modulating the functions and activities of the protein complexes or interacting members thereof are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 25 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:272801 USPATFULL

TITLE: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis

of colon cancer

INVENTOR(S): Stolk, John A., Bothell, WA, UNITED STATES

Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES Chenault, Ruth A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104

(U.S. corporation)

US 2001-279670P 20010328 (60) US 2001-267011P 20010206 (60) US 2000-252222P 20001120 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 17 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT:

. . .

9233

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 26 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:243051 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NOMBER: 2002:245051 USPAIRULU

TITLE: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis

of ovarian cancer

INVENTOR(S): Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES

Jones, Robert, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Harlocker, Susan L., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2000-207484P 20000526 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 11
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 25718

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly ovarian cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more ovarian tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly ovarian cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 27 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:242791 USPATFULL

TITLE: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis

of colon cancer

INVENTOR(S): King, Gordon E., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES

Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES (U.S.

corporation)

 APPLICATION INFO.:

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US 2001-33528 20011226 (10) A1

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-920300, filed

on 31 Jul 2001, PENDING

DATE NUMBER -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2001-302051P 20010629 (60)

US 2001-279763P 20010328 (60)

US 2000-223283P 20000803 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

LINE COUNT:

8083 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 28 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

2002:194696 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Mass spectrometric methods for biomolecular screening

Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, United States

Griffey, Richard, Vista, CA, United States

Hofstadler, Steve, Oceanside, CA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 6428956 B1 20020806 US 1998-76206 19980512 19980512 (9)

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1998-76534P 19980302 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Woodcock Washburn LLP

Zitomer, Stephanie

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

15 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

2463

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides methods for the determination of the structure of biomolecular targets, as well as the site and nature of the interaction between ligands and biomolecular targets. The present invention also provides methods for the determination of the relative affinity of a ligand for the biomolecular target it interacts with. Also provided are methods for screening ligand or combinatorial libraries of compounds against one or more than one biological target molecules. The methods of the invention also allow determination of the relative binding affinity of combinatorial and other compounds for a biomolecular

target. The present invention further provides methods for the use of

mass modifying tags for screening multiple biomolecular targets. In a preferred embodiment, ligands which have great specificity and affinity for molecular interaction sites on biomolecules, especially RNA can be identified. In preferred embodiments, such identification can be made simultaneously with libraries of ligands.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 29 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

. . .

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:191507 USPATFULL

TITLE: Mass spectrometric methods for biomolecular screening

INVENTOR(S): Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES

Griffey, Richard, Vista, CA, UNITED STATES

Hofstadler, Steven, Oceanside, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2002102572 A1 20020801 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2001-884317 A1 20010619 (9)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-260310, filed on 2 Mar

1999, PATENTED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

1998-76206, filed on 12 May 1998, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1998-76534P 19980302 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Woodcock Washburn Kurtz, Mackiewicz & Norris LLP, 46th

Floor, One Liberty Place, Philadelphia, PA, 19103

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 94 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 33 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3322

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention provides methods for the determination of the structure of biomolecular targets, as well as the site and nature of the interaction between ligands and biomolecular targets. The present invention also provides methods for the determination of the relative affinity of a ligand for the biomolecular target it interacts with. Also provided are methods for screening ligand or combinatorial libraries of compounds against one or more than one biological target molecules. The methods of the invention also allow determination of the relative binding affinity of combinatorial and other compounds for a biomolecular target. The present invention further provides methods for the use of mass modifying tags for screening multiple biomolecular targets. In a preferred embodiment, ligands which have great specificity and affinity for molecular interaction sites on biomolecules, especially RNA can be identified. In preferred embodiments, such identification can be made simultaneously with libraries of ligands.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 30 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:152483 USPATFULL

TITLE: Use of an 8.4 kDa protein as an immunophilin reagent in

protein binding assays for immunosuppressive drugs

INVENTOR(S): Soldin, Steven J., Bethesda, MD, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Children's Research Institute, Washington, DC, United

States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 6410340 B1 20020625 US 2000-643723 20000823 20000823 (9)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

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Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Ceperley, Mary E.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Law Offices of Dr. Melvin Blecher, Blecher, Melvin

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

6 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1027

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

We have identified and purified to homogeneity from lymphatic tissues a 8.4 kDa immunophilin that specifically and avidly binds the immunosuppressant drugs FK-506 (Kd=0.8 nM) and rapamycin (Kd=0.08 nM) and their pharmacologically active metabolites and derivatives, but does not bind cyclosporin A. The isolated 8.4 kDa protein appears to be identical to authentic human and bovine ubiquitins in all measured respects (partial amino acid sequence, molecular weight, binding constants, binding specificity, biochemical aspects, and utility as the protein binding reagent in binding assays for immunosuppressant drugs in fluid samples, including patient blood). The availability of commercial quantities of human recombinant ubiguitin removes a supply barrier to the use of immunophilin protein binding assays for the estimation of FK-506, rapamycin and pharmacologically active metabolites and derivatives in the clinical setting.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L120 ANSWER 31 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:226413 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Mass spectrometric methods for biomolecular screening

INVENTOR (S):

Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, United States

Griffey, Richard, Vista, CA, United States Hofstadler, Steven, Oceanside, CA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION:

(9)

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 6329146 B1 20011211 US 1999-260310 19990302

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-76206, filed

on 12 May 1998

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1998-76534P 19980302 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Houtteman, Scott W.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

33 Drawing Figure(s); 33 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

3378

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides methods for the determination of the structure of biomolecular targets, as well as the site and nature of the interaction between ligands and biomolecular targets. The present invention also provides methods for the determination of the relative affinity of a ligand for the biomolecular target it interacts with. Also provided are methods for screening ligand or combinatorial libraries of compounds against one or more than one biological target molecules. The methods of the invention also allow determination of the relative

binding affinity of combinatorial and other compounds for a biomolecular target. The present invention further provides methods for the use of mass modifying tags for screening multiple biomolecular targets. In a preferred embodiment, ligands which have great specificity and affinity for molecular interaction sites on biomolecules, especially RNA can be identified. In preferred embodiments, such identification can be made simultaneously with libraries of ligands.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.